Case 1:21-cr-00127-DAD-BAM Document 16 Filed 10/19/21 Page 1 of 5

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8	IN THE UNITED ST	TATES DISTRICT COURT
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10	EASTERN DISTI	RICT OF CALIFORNIA
11	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO. 1:21-CR-00127-DAD-BAM
12	Plaintiff,	STIPULATION REGARDING EXCLUDABLE
13	v.	TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT; FINDINGS AND ORDER
14	MARIO ANTONIO SALCIDO,	
15	Defendant.	
16		
17	BACKGROUND	
18	This case is set for a Status Conference on October 27, 2021. On May 13, 2020, this Court	
19	issued General Order 618, which suspends all jury trials in the Eastern District of California "until	
20	further notice." Under General Order 618, a judge "may exercise his or her authority to continue	
21	matters, excluding time under the Speedy Trial Act with reference to the court's prior General Order 611	
22	issued on March 17, 2020 with additional findings to support the exclusion in the Judge's	
23	discretion." General Order 618, ¶ 6 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020). In addition, any judge "may order case-	
24	by-case exceptions" to General Order 618's provisions "at the discretion of that Judge or upon the	
25	request of counsel, after consultation with counsel and the Clerk of the Court to the extent such an order	

Although the General Orders address the district-wide health concern, the Supreme Court has

will impact court staff and operations." General Order 618, ¶ 7 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020). This and

previous General Orders were entered to address public health concerns related to COVID-19.

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Case 1:21-cr-00127-DAD-BAM Document 16 Filed 10/19/21 Page 2 of 5

emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act's end-of-justice provision "counteract[s] substantive openendedness with procedural strictness," "demand[ing] on-the-record findings" in a particular case. *Zedner v. United States*, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-record findings, there can be no exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). *Id.* at 507. Moreover, any such failure cannot be harmless. *Id.* at 509; *see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez*, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit findings on the record "either orally or in writing").

Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, 617, and 618 require specific supplementation. Ends-of-justice continuances are excludable only if "the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless "the court sets forth, in the record of the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id*.

The General Orders exclude delay in the "ends of justice." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption created "appreciable difficulty" for the trial to proceed. *Id.* at 767-69; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency).

The coronavirus poses a similar, albeit more enduring, "appreciable difficulty" to the prompt proceedings mandated by the statutory rules. Recently, the Ninth Circuit enumerated a "non-exhaustive" list of seven factors it found to be "relevant" in considering ends-of-justice Speedy Trial Act continuances "in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic." *United States v. Olsen*, --- F.3d ---, 2021 WL 1589359 at *7 (9th Cir. Apr. 23, 2021). That non-exhaustive list includes: (1) whether a defendant is

detained pending trial; (2) how long a defendant has been detained; (3) whether a defendant has invoked speedy trial rights since the case's inception; (4) whether a defendant, if detained, belongs to a population that is particularly susceptible to complications if infected with the virus; (5) the seriousness of the charges a defendant faces, and in particular whether the defendant is accused of violent crimes; (6) whether there is a reason to suspect recidivism if the charges against the defendant are dismissed; and (7) whether the district court has the ability to safely conduct a trial. *Id*.

In light of the foregoing, this Court should consider the following case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). If continued, this Court should designate a status conference date of January 12, 2022. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any pretrial continuance must be "specifically limited in time").

STIPULATION

Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendant, by and through defendant's counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

- 1. By previous order, this matter was set for Status Conference on October 27, 2021.
- 2. By this stipulation, defendant now moves to continue the case and set a status conference on January 12, 2022, at 1:00 p.m., and to exclude time between October 27, 2021, and January 12, 2022, at 1:00 p.m., under 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4].
 - 3. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:
 - a) The government has represented that the discovery associated with this case includes reports, videos, photographs, and the recorded statement of the defendant. All of this discovery has been produced directly to counsel and/or made available for inspection.
 - b) Counsel for defendant desires additional time to review discovery, conduct investigation and research related to the charges, conduct research into any mitigating factors, consult with his client, discuss a potential plea with the government, and to otherwise prepare for trial.
 - c) Counsel for defendant believes that failure to grant the above-requested continuance would deny him the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking into

Case 1:21-cr-00127-DAD-BAM Document 16 Filed 10/19/21 Page 4 of 5

account the exercise of due diligence.

- d) The government does not object to the continuance.
- Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the e) case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act.
- For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161, f) et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of October 27, 2021 to January 12, 2022, at 1:00 p.m., inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C.\(\} 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4] because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendant's request on the basis of the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.
- 4. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the Speedy Trial Act dictate that additional time periods are excludable from the period within which a trial must commence.

IT IS SO STIPULATED.

Dated: October 18, 2021

Dated: October 18, 2021

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PHILLIP A. TALBERT Acting United States Attorney

/s/ ANTONIO J. PATACA ANTONIO J. PATACA **Assistant United States Attorney**

/s/ TIMOTHY P. HENNESSY TIMOTHY P. HENNESSY Counsel for Defendant MARIO ANTONIO SALCIDO

10/19/21 Page 5 of 5

	Case 1:21-cr-00127-DAD-BAM Document 16 Filed 10/19/21 Page 5 of 5	
1	<u>ORDER</u>	
2	IT IS SO ORDERED that the status conference is continued from October 27, 2021, to January	
3	12, 2022, at 1:00 n.m. before Magistrate Judge Barbara A. McAuliffe. Time is excluded pursuant to	
4	18 U.S.C.§ 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv).	
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6	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
7	Dated: October 18, 2021 /s/ Barbara A. McAuliffe	
8	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
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